New Zealand flax - Phormium tenax (dead plant leaves and stems)

Dead leaf



Fuzzy oval spots on live and dead leaves. Present all year. Cause unknown. **10 F**



Small, white, delicate cap with long, thin, dark stalk, gills. On dead leaves in winter. Dead Phormium leaves break easily. Fungus (Ascomycota) **52 F**



Small, white, delicate cap with long, thin, white hairy stalk, gills. On dead leaves in winter. Dead Phormium leaves difficult to cut. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **37 F**



White or tan coloured, with gills but no stalk, lives on dead stems and leaves often with little space underneath. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **59 F**



Fuzzy oval spots on live and dead leaves. Present all year. Cause unknown. **10 F**

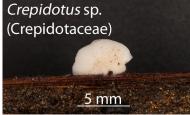


Small, white, delicate cap with long, thin, dark stalk, gills. On dead leaves in winter. Dead Phormium leaves break easily. Fungus (Ascomycota) **52 F**

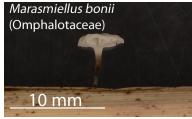


Small, white, delicate cap with long, thin, white hairy stalk, gills. On dead leaves in winter. Dead Phormium leaves difficult to cut.

Fungus (Basidiomycota) 37 F



White or tan coloured, with gills but no stalk, lives on dead stems and leaves often with little space underneath. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **59 F**



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White or tan coloured, with gills but no stalk, lives on dead stems and leaves often with little space underneath. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **59 F**

White cap with stalk



White cap with white gills, on short stout stalk, usually in groups. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **53 F**



Large white cap, mealy on top, tall thick stalk, black gills. Usually only open for one night. Present in winter.

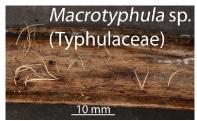
Fungus (Basidiomycota) 79 F



Grey stalkless fungus, hemisphere with gills, lives on dead stems and leaves. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **60 F**



Long, thin, fruiting bodies coming from wet, dead leaves. More than 20 mm long. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **54 F**



Long, thin, fruiting bodies coming from wet, dead leaves. Less than 20 mm long. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **124 F**

White cap with stalk

10 mm White cap with white gills, on short stout stalk, usually in groups. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **53 F**



Large white cap, mealy on top, tall thick stalk, black gills. Usually only open for one night. Present in winter.

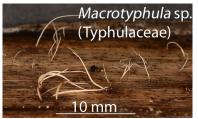
Fungus (Basidiomycota) 79 F



Grey stalkless fungus, hemisphere with gills, lives on dead stems and leaves. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **60 F**



Long, thin, fruiting bodies coming from wet, dead leaves. More than 20 mm long. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **54 F**



Long, thin, fruiting bodies coming from wet, dead leaves. Less than 20 mm long. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **124 F**



White cap with white gills, on short stout stalk, usually in groups. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **53 F**



Large white cap, mealy on top, tall thick stalk, black gills. Usually only open for one night. Present in winter.

Fungus (Basidiomycota) 79 F



Grey stalkless fungus, hemisphere with gills, lives on dead stems and leaves. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **60 F**



Long, thin, fruiting bodies coming from wet, dead leaves. More than 20 mm long. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **54 F**

(demonstration) 2015



White fluffy mycelium coating plant surface, with tiny brown fruiting bodies. Present in winter. Fungus not identified. **63 F**



Hard orange bobbles with varied rounded shapes and powdery interior; immature bobbles white. Present in winter. Slime mould. **88 F**



Black elliptical fruiting bodies with longitudinal dark split, Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **100 F**



Elliptical fruiting bodies with long pale slit, some may have crossways slits. Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **108 F**



Elliptical fruiting bodies with long pale slit, some may have crossways slits. Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **108 F**

White speckled fungus

White fluffy mycelium coating plant surface, with tiny brown fruiting bodies. Present in winter. Fungus not identified. **63 F**



Hard orange bobbles with varied rounded shapes and powdery interior; immature bobbles white. Present in winter. Slime mould. **88 F**



longitudinal dark split, Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **100 F**



Elliptical fruiting bodies with long pale slit, some may have crossways slits. Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **108 F**



Elliptical fruiting bodies with long pale slit, some may have crossways slits. Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **108 F**



Hard orange bobbles with varied rounded shapes and powdery interior; immature bobbles white. Present in winter. Slime mould. **88 F**



Black elliptical fruiting bodies with longitudinal dark split, Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **100 F**



Elliptical fruiting bodies with long pale slit, some may have crossways slits. Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **108 F**



Elliptical fruiting bodies with long pale slit, some may have crossways slits. Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **108 F**



Tiny white-lipped surrounding a smooth cavity. Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **74 F**

Dead flower/seed stalk



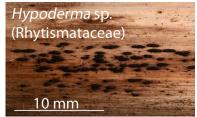
Brown cap with brown gills, on short stout stalk,. Usually in groups. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **125 F**



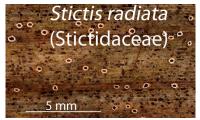
Grey stalkless fungus, hemisphere with gills, lives on dead stems and leaves. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **60 F**



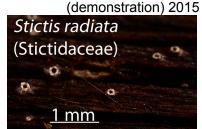
Pale, raised, elliptical shapes and pale irregular grooves. Present in autumn and winter. Fungus not identified. **103 F**



Black elliptical fruiting bodies with longitudinal dark split, Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **100 F**



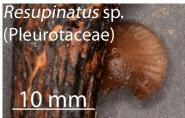
Tiny white-lipped surrounding a smooth cavity. Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **74 F**



Tiny white-lipped surrounding a smooth cavity. Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **74 F**



Brown cap with brown gills, on short stout stalk,. Usually in groups. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **125 F**



Grey stalkless fungus, hemisphere with gills, lives on dead stems and leaves. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **60 F**



Pale, raised, elliptical shapes and pale irregular grooves. Present in autumn and winter. Fungus not identified. **103 F**



Black elliptical fruiting bodies with longitudinal dark split, Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **100 F**



Grey stalkless fungus, hemisphere with gills, lives on dead stems and leaves. Present in winter. Fungus (Basidiomycota) **60 F**



Pale, raised, elliptical shapes and pale irregular grooves. Present in autumn and winter. Fungus not identified. **103 F**



Fungus (Ascomycota) **100 F**

(demonstration) 2015

Other plant damage symptoms, fungi and invertebrates that may be seen

Dead leaf



White messy looking mounds with short stout stalks underneath. Present in winter. Fungus not identified. **76 F**



Tiny, solid, tan caps, short stalks. Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **65 F**



Tiny white/off-white caps on short hairy stalk, starting ball-like with white hairy underside exposed. Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **75 F**



Tiny, solid, off-white, smooth caps, short stalks. Present in winter. Fungus not identified. **38 F**



Tiny brown bowls with white 'hairy' edges. On dead leaves. Present in winter. Fungus not identified **57 F**



White messy looking mounds with short stout stalks underneath. Present in winter. Fungus not identified. **76 F**



Tiny, solid, tan caps, short stalks. Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **65 F**



Tiny white/off-white caps on short hairy stalk, starting ball-like with white hairy underside exposed. Present in winter. Fungus (Ascomycota) **75 F**



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Tiny, solid, off-white, smooth caps, short stalks. Present in winter. Fungus not identified. **38 F**



Tiny brown bowls with white 'hairy' edges. On dead leaves. Present in winter. Fungus not identified **57 F**



Tiny, white and bud-like with hairy scales on the outside. Present in winter.

Fungus not identified 113 F



Tiny white balls on thin stalk; black inside. Present in winter. Slime mould not identified. 77 F



Skin splits opening to expose smooth grey tissue surrounded by white hairy 'lips'. Present in winter. Fungus not identified. 102 F



Ensign scale insect, white wax plates covering body, long legs and antennae. Present in winter and spring.

Scale (Ortheziidae) 4890 H

Tiny 'flower bud' fungus <u>2 mm</u>

Tiny, white and bud-like with hairy scales on the outside. Present in winter. Fungus not identified 113 F



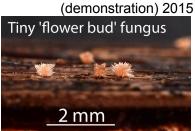
Tiny white balls on thin stalk; black inside. Present in winter. Slime mould not identified. 77 F



Skin splits opening to expose smooth grey tissue surrounded by white hairy 'lips'. Present in winter. Fungus not identified. 102 F



Ensign scale insect, white wax plates covering body, long legs and antennae. Present in winter and spring. Scale (Ortheziidae) 4890 H



Tiny, white and bud-like with hairy scales on the outside. Present in winter. Fungus not identified 113 F



Tiny white balls on thin stalk; black inside. Present in winter. Slime mould not identified. 77 F



Skin splits opening to expose smooth grey tissue surrounded by white hairy 'lips'. Present in winter. Fungus not identified. 102 F



Ensign scale insect, white wax plates covering body, long legs and antennae. Present in winter and spring.

Scale (Ortheziidae) 4890 H

iny brown balls

Dead flower/seed stalk



Mass of tiny brown balls, each with opening at top. Present in winter. Fungus, not identified. 83 F

Fungus, not identified. 83 F * = adventive species (organisms from other countries)





opening at top. Present in winter. Fungus, not identified. 83 F

(demonstration) 2015

Other host associations are in the Plant-SyNZ database (August 2015) All plant-herbivore host associations are recorded in the database <u>plant-synz.landcareresearch.co.nz/SearchForm.aspx</u>.

Plant-predator or parasitoid association are not yet available on the internet.

New associations

The host associations illustrated and listed here are those known when this identification guide was compiled. New host associations are likely to be discovered. If invertebrates and/or plant damage are found that may be a new association, send specimens of the insects and plants to Dr Nicholas Martin, Landcare Research,

By post to: Private Bag 92170, Auckland 1142, or

Courier to: Landcare Research, 231 Morrin Road, St Johns, Auckland 1072 If possible contact (0-9-574 4105, email: <u>martinn@landcareresearch.co.nz</u>) before sending.

Level of expertise

This version is suitable for non-experts. A 10x hand lens is useful but not essential to confirm the presence of some invertebrates and fungi. Versions of this identification guide that are suitable for experts (botanists and entomologists) and students are available. The identification guide and the accompanying recording sheets can be obtained from Dr Martin (see above) or the Plant-SyNZ web site, <u>http://plant-synz.landcareresearch.co.nz/index.asp</u>.

Identification of Phormium tenax J.R.Forst. & G.Forst. (Hemerocallidaceae)

This information is provided on the assumption that the plant species in the habitat are known and that the species of interest can be distinguished from closely related species in the habitat being surveyed. The most reliable way to distinguish the two *Phormium* species is the form of the seed pods.



Phormium tenax seed pods point upwards

Edited by NA Martin, August 2015 Standard level - *Phormium tenax* .- dead leaf & stalk. page 7

Information about herbivores associated with Phormium tenax

Separate internet factsheets have been produced about some of the invertebrate herbivores associated with each plant species. These will have pictures of the different life stages, more pictures of the damage to plants, and information about their life cycle and distribution in New Zealand. Information about natural enemies (parasites, pathogens and predators) will be included if known.

The factsheet series, Interesting Insects and other Invertebrates, is available at <u>nzacfactsheets.landcareresearch.co.nz/Index.html</u>.

Acknowledgements

Please send feedback to: Dr Nicholas Martin, Landcare Research, By post to: Private Bag 92170, Auckland 1142, or Email: <u>martinn@landcareresearch.co.nz</u>